

The Ridgeway C.E. Primary School

Anti-bullying Policy – July 2018

Introduction

Our Christian school values are at the heart of everything we do at The Ridgeway. They provide our children with support and guidance throughout school and allow them to make positive and informed decisions about how to be caring and respectful to those around them. It is these values that help us to reduce the chances and negative effects of bullying at school.

Bullying is the repeated action taken by one or more persons with the deliberate intention of hurting another person, either physically or emotionally.

Aims and objectives

Bullying is wrong and damages individual children. We therefore do all we can to prevent it, by developing a school ethos in which bullying is regarded as unacceptable.

We aim, as a school, to produce a safe and secure environment where all can learn without anxiety.

This policy aims to produce a consistent school response to any bullying incidents that may occur.

We aim to make all those connected with the school aware of our opposition to bullying, and we make clear each person's responsibilities with regard to the eradication of bullying in our school.

The role of the headteacher

It is the responsibility of the headteacher to implement the school anti-bullying strategy and to ensure that all staff (both teaching and non-teaching) are aware of the school policy and know how to deal with incidents of bullying. The headteacher reports to the governing body about the effectiveness of the anti-bullying policy on request.

The headteacher ensures that all children know that bullying is wrong, and that it is unacceptable behaviour in this school. The headteacher draws the attention of children to this fact at suitable moments. For example, if an incident occurs, the headteacher may decide to use a class session as a forum in which to discuss with other children why this behaviour was wrong, and why a pupil is being sanctioned.

The headteacher ensures that all staff receive sufficient training to be equipped to deal with all incidents of bullying.

The headteacher sets the school climate of mutual support and praise for success, so making bullying less likely. When children feel they are important and belong to a

friendly and welcoming school, bullying is far less likely to be part of their behaviour.

The role of governors

The governing body supports the headteacher in all attempts to eliminate bullying from our school. This policy statement makes it very clear that the governing body does not allow bullying to take place in our school, and that any incidents of bullying that do occur are taken very seriously and dealt with appropriately.

The governing body monitors the incidents of bullying that occur, and reviews the effectiveness of the school policy regularly. The governors require the headteacher to keep accurate records of all incidents of bullying and to report to the governors on request about the effectiveness of school anti-bullying strategies.

The role of the teacher and all support staff

All staff at our school take all forms of bullying seriously. We have robust systems in place to ensure that poor behaviour from children doesn't lead to a sequence of events that could become bullying. The school's staff are all well trained in being observant and using the necessary 'behaviour incident' forms to log any behaviour that doesn't fit with what we expect through our school values. This is then logged in our Safeguarding folder to ensure that a chronology of events is logged, allowing us to identify negative patterns and areas that need to be urgently addressed.

If, as teachers, we become aware of any bullying taking place between members of a class, we deal with the issue immediately. This may involve counselling and support for the victim of the bullying, and punishment for the child who has carried out the bullying behaviour. We spend time talking to the child who has bullied: we explain why the action of the child was wrong, and we endeavour to help the child change their behaviour in future. If a child is repeatedly involved in bullying other children, we inform the headteacher and the special needs co-ordinator. We then invite the child's parents into the school to discuss the situation. In more extreme cases, for example where these initial discussions have proven ineffective, the headteacher may contact external support agencies such as the social services.

Teachers attempt to support all children in their class and to establish a climate of trust and respect for all. By praising, rewarding and celebrating the success of all children and by continually using our school values, we aim to prevent incidents that lead to bullying.

The role of parents

Parents who are concerned that their child might be being bullied, or who suspect that their child may be the perpetrator of bullying, should contact their child's class teacher immediately.

Parents have a responsibility to support the school's anti-bullying policy and to actively encourage their child to be a positive member of the school.

Monitoring and review

This policy is monitored on a day-to-day basis by the headteacher, who reports to governors about the effectiveness of the policy on request.

This anti-bullying policy is the governors' responsibility and they review its effectiveness annually. They do this by examining the school's behaviour/bullying logbook, and by discussion with the headteacher. Governors analyse information with regard to gender, age and ethnic background of all children involved in bullying incidents.

Signed:

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read 'Julie Jones'.

Date:

A handwritten date in cursive script, reading '10 July 2018'.